Dynamical magnetic excitations in adatoms and dimers on metallic surfaces\(^1\) SAMIR LOUNIS, Peter Grünberg Institut and Institute for Advanced Simulation, Forschungszentrum Jülich, ANTONIO T. COSTA, ROBERTO B. MUNIZ, Instituto de Física, Universidade Federal Fluminense, 24210-340 Niterói, RJ, Brazil, DOUG L. MILLS, Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of California Irvine, Irvine, California, 92697 USA — There is hardly any method which has shaped nanoscience and nanotechnology more profoundly than the scanning tunneling microscope. Such a tool is used nowadays to probe spin-excitations in nano-objects\([1,2,3,4]\). A key quantity describing these excitations is the transverse dynamical magnetic susceptibility that we calculate using the Korringa-Kohn-Rostoker Green function method within the framework of time-dependent density functional theory\([5]\). The behavior of adatoms and dimers will be discussed and comparison to experimental works will be provided when available.

\[1\] C. F. Hirjibehedin \textit{et al.}, Science 317, 1199 (2007)
\[2\] T. Balashov \textit{et al.}, Phys. Rev. Lett. 102, 257203 (2009)
\[4\] B. Chilian \textit{et al.}, Arxiv:1108.2443

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