Abstract Submitted for the MAR12 Meeting of The American Physical Society

Entropy density and Mutual Information measures to quantify the complexity of a nanoscale system ILYA GRIG-ORENKO, VINCENT CRESPI, Penn State — Information-theoretic approach is the most general way to quantify complexity of nanoscale systems. In this study the entropy density and mutual information measures were used to identify the optimal interaction parameters between nanoparticles, which lead to the maximum geometric complexity of selfassembled nanostructures. A generalization of complexity measures at a finite temperature and for nonequilibrium systems is also presented. The developed theory can be used for efficient in silico design of new self-assembled nanostructures with a complex geometry not achievable before.

> ilya grigorenko Penn State

Date submitted: 11 Nov 2011

Electronic form version 1.4