

Abstract Submitted
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Nonlinear photonic crystals of BaTiO₃ and their electro-optic properties BRUCE WESSELS¹, Department of Materials Science and Engineering and Materials Research Center, and Department of Electrical Engineering and Computer Science, JIANHENG LI, ZHIFU LIU, Department of Materials Science and Engineering and Materials Research Center, Northwestern University, Evanston, IL 60208, USA, ELECTRONIC AND PHOTONIC MATERIALS GROUP TEAM — Future optical systems will require electro-optic (EO) modulators with bandwidths of 100 GHz and low drive voltage. To achieve this, non-linear photonic crystals using epitaxial BaTiO₃ have been proposed. In our work two-dimensional photonic crystal (PhC) structures with a hexagonal array were fabricated from an epitaxial BaTiO₃ thin film using focused ion beam milling. The PhC waveguides were based on Si₃N₄/BTO/MgO multilayer epitaxial thin film structure. Simulation shows that sufficient refractive index contrast is achieved at 1550 nm to form a bandgap in the PhC structure by milling through the Si₃N₄ and BTO layers. The measured transmission spectrum of the PhC waveguide exhibited a stop-band centered at 1550 nm with well-defined band edges. Photonic crystal electro-optic modulators with a bandwidth of greater than 50 GHz have now been realized. The question of what dielectric properties limit the ultimate bandwidth of the PhC will be addressed.

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