Abstract Submitted for the MAR12 Meeting of The American Physical Society

Influence of Cr-doping on the magnetic structure of the FeAs strip compounds CaFe4As3 : a single crystal neutron diffraction study PASCAL MANUEL, ISIS Facility, STFC Rutherford Appleton Laboratory, Chilton, Didcot OX11 0QX, United Kingdom, LAURENT CHAPON, Institut Laue Langevin, 6 rue Jules Horowitz, BP156, Grenoble Cedex 9, France, IL-LIYA TODOROV, DUCK Y. CHUNG, Materials Science Division, Argonne National Laboratory, Argonne, Illinois 60439, BACHIR OULADDIAF, Institut Laue Langevin, 6 rue Jules Horowitz, BP156, Grenoble Cedex 9, France, MERCOURI G. KANATZIDIS, Materials Science Division, Argonne National Laboratory, Argonne, Illinois 60439 & Department of Chemistry, Northwestern University — CaFe₄As₃ offers the unique opportunity to modify the topology of the Fe_2As_2 layers, key in the understanding of superconductivity in the new iron pnictide superconductors, from infinite layers to strips of finite width linked a rectangular cross pattern. Bulk measurement on $CaFe_4As_3$ indicate a magnetic ordering at 90K with a second transition seen at about 26K. Neutron diffraction allowed to ascribe the high temperature transition to a Spin Density Wave(SDW) with a propagation vector $\mathbf{k} = (0, \delta, 0)$ eventually locking to $\delta = 3/8$ at the lower transition. As expected a profound effect on the magnetic properties of $CaFe_4As_3$ can be obtained by chemically doping or applying pressure. We report here on the consequence of Cr-doping on the magnetic structure of CaFe₄As₃ derived from single crystal neutron diffraction.

> Pascal Manuel ISIS Facility, STFC Rutherford Appleton Laboratory, Chilton, Didcot OX11 0QX, United Kingdom

Date submitted: 15 Dec 2011

Electronic form version 1.4