

Abstract Submitted  
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**Magnetic phase transitions in single crystalline  $\text{Mn}_{0.68}\text{Ni}_{0.32}\text{TiO}_3$** <sup>1</sup> SONGXUE CHI, HUIBO CAO, FENG YE, JAIME A. FERNANDEZ-BACA, Oak Ridge National laboratory, HAIDONG ZHOU, National High Magnetic Field Laboratory, Florida State University — The magnetoelectric  $\text{MnTiO}_3$  has the ilmenite structure and order antiferromagnetically with neighboring  $\text{Mn}^{2+}$  spins antiparallel to each other both within the ab-plane and along the c-axis. We have observed a magnetic field induced electric polarization in the 32%Ni-doped  $\text{MnTiO}_3$ . To understand the origin of this magnetoelectric effect, we have carried out neutron diffraction study on single crystalline  $\text{Mn}_{0.68}\text{Ni}_{0.32}\text{TiO}_3$ . The  $\text{Mn}^{2+}$  spins order below 27 K and arrange in the same antiparallel manner as the parent compound, but with different spin direction. On cooling the magnetic phase goes through a second transition at 15 K, below which the spins lock into a new direction. We have also determined the spin structure under a magnetic field applied along the c-axis.

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