

Abstract Submitted  
for the MAR12 Meeting of  
The American Physical Society

**Diamagnetic repulsion, the method of magnetic images & suitability of the solenoid and dipole models**<sup>1</sup> MING YIN, Benedict College, Columbia, SC29204, HUAIZHOU ZHANG, TIMIR DATTA, University of South Carolina, Columbia, SC29208 — The repulsion of a permanent magnet from a diamagnetic region was investigated. A magnet of moment  $m$  can be described by two models (i) solenoid - a circulating current of appropriate value; second (ii) a magnetic dipole comprising of a pair of north and south poles of separated by a distance. The magnetic field ( $B$ ) of a permanent magnet was measured. The magnet was modeled as a solenoid with a circulating surface current. The Biot-Savart law field ( $B$ ) was of computed in Matlab. The experimental data of was in excellent agreement with the Matlab results. However, for computing the repulsion force ( $F$ ) between the magnet and its diamagnetic image by the direct integration of the current-current interaction require detailed knowledge of the two current densities. However such knowledge is not essential if image is modeled as a dipole. When the magnet is a distance  $z$  above the diamagnetic interface then the image current  $I_2$  gives rise to a image dipole  $m_2$  and the  $F \sim m_2 \text{div } B$ , where the  $\text{div}$  of the holding field is computed at the distance  $2z$  below the magnet. In this model  $F$  is directly proportional to both  $m'$  and the derivative of the field and a negative slope indicates repulsion, all three were confirmed.

<sup>1</sup>Supported at Benedict College by DOD award #60177-Rt-H.

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Date submitted: 25 Nov 2011

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