Abstract Submitted for the MAR13 Meeting of The American Physical Society

Self-Organized Defects of Half-Metallic Nanowires in MgO-Based Magnetic Tunnel Junctions MASAYOSHI SEIKE, TETSUYA FUKUSHIMA, KAZUNORI SATO, HIROSHI KATAYAMA-YOSHIDA, Grad. School of Eng. Sci., Osaka Univ. — The purpose of this study is to examine the possibility of selforganization of defects and defect-induced properties in MgO-based magnetic tunnel junctions (MTJs). Using the Heyd-Scuseria-Ernzerhof (HSE06) hybrid functional, first-principles calculations were performed to estimate the electronic structures and total energies of MgO with various defects. From our thorough evaluation of the calculated results and previously reported experimental data, we propose that selforganized half-metallic nanowires of magnesium vacancies can be formed in MgObased MTJs. This self-organization may provide the foundation for a comprehensive understanding of the conductivity, tunnel barriers and quantum oscillations of MgObased MTJs. Further experimental verification is needed before firm conclusions can be drawn.

References:

- [1] K. Sato et al.: Rev. Mod. Phys. 82, 1633 (2010).
- [2] M. Seike et al.: Jpn. J. Appl. Phys. 50, 090204 (2011).
- [3] M. Seike et al.: Physica B 407, 2875 (2012).
- [4] M. Seike et al.; Jpn. J. Appl. Phys. 51, 050201 (2012).

Masayoshi Seike Grad. School of Eng. Sci., Osaka Univ., Japan

Date submitted: 08 Nov 2012

Electronic form version 1.4