

Abstract Submitted
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Stoichiometry, defects, and the polar catastrophe in LaAlO₃ thin films on SrTiO₃ C. STEPHEN HELLBERG, Naval Research Lab — Careful growth of LaAlO₃ thin films on SrTiO₃ by molecular beam epitaxy has shown that the La/Al ratio of the nominal LaAlO₃ layer is key to the formation of a two-dimensional electron liquid at the interface—metallic conductivity is only observed in Al-rich films. The interfacial electron liquid forms due to the polar catastrophe, the diverging potential caused by the atomic layer arrangement at the interface when polar LaAlO₃ is grown on TiO₂-terminated non-polar SrTiO₃. The system eventually reconstructs, moving negative charges to the interface to screen the diverging potential. I will present density functional calculations of the defects that form in LaAlO₃ on SrTiO₃ to accommodate variations in stoichiometry. In La-rich films, the lowest energy defects are extended and allow cation vacancies to move to the interface to screen the diverging potential. Thus the interface between La-rich LaAlO₃ and SrTiO₃ remains insulating. In Al-rich films, the defects are localized and block cation motion. In this case a conducting electron liquid forms to screen the diverging potential.

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