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**Topological-Metal to Band-Insulator Transition in  $(\text{Bi}_{1-x}\text{In}_x)_2\text{Se}_3$  Thin Films** MATTHEW BRAHLEK, NAMRATA BANSAL, NIKESH KOIRALA, Rutgers University Physics and Astronomy Department, SU-YANG XU, MADHAB NEUPANE, CHANG LIU, M. ZAHID HASAN, Princeton University Physics Department, SEONGSHIK OH, Rutgers University Physics and Astronomy Department — By combining transport and photoemission measurements on  $(\text{Bi}_{1-x}\text{In}_x)_2\text{Se}_3$  thin films, we report that this system transforms from a topologically nontrivial metal into a topologically trivial band insulator through three quantum phase transitions. At  $x \approx 3\%–7\%$ , there is a transition from a topologically nontrivial metal to a trivial metal. At  $x \approx 15\%$ , the metal becomes a variable-range-hopping insulator. Finally, above  $x \approx 25\%$ , the system becomes a true band insulator with its resistance immeasurably large even at room temperature. This material provides a new venue to investigate topologically tunable physics and devices with seamless gating or tunneling insulators.

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