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Tuning the carrier density at SrTiO₃/LaAlO₃ interface by La_{1-x}Sr_xMnO₃ capping layer YUJUN SHI, DI WU, Physics Department, Nanjing University — The observation of a high-mobility quasi-two-dimensional electron gas (q2-DEG) at the interface between the insulators of SrTiO₃ (STO) and LaAlO₃ (LAO) has gained significant attention in recent years. The carrier density at these interfaces is usually tuned by controlling the growth conditions or applying an electric field in a three-terminal device. According to the polar catastrophe model, which is used to interpret the origin of the q2-DEG at the LAO-STO interfaces, the carrier density and the critical thickness of LAO for the metallic interfaces are related with the net charge of LaO and AlO₂ layer in LAO. Here, we systematically study the growth of La_{1-x}Sr_xMnO₃ (LSMO-x), whose net charge is 1-x in each layer, on LAO (< 4 u.c.)/STO to tune the interfacial carrier density and critical thickness. For LAO (3 u.c.)/STO, we found that the threshold thickness of LSMO (x=0.33) for the observation of q2-DEG is 2 u.c. The LAO (3 u.c.)/STO interfaces show a metal-insulator transition for x between 2/3 and 7/8. Importantly, the carrier density monotonically decreases as increasing Sr doping. Our results strongly support the polar catastrophe model and provide a new approach to tune the interfacial carrier density..

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