## Abstract Submitted for the MAR13 Meeting of The American Physical Society

Evidence for an orbital moment in the superconducting state of **URu**<sub>2</sub>**Si**<sub>2</sub><sup>1</sup> GANG LI, QIU ZHANG, DANIEL RHODES, BIN ZHENG, PALLAB GOSWAMI, National High Magnetic Field Lab, P. TOBASH, FILIP RONNING, JOE D. THOMPSON, ERIC D. BAUER, Los Alamos National Lab, LUIS BALI-CAS, National High Magnetic Field Lab — URu<sub>2</sub>Si<sub>2</sub> was suggested to be a chiral d-wave superconductor with a  $k_z(k_x \pm ik_y)$  orbital component for the Cooper pair wave-function. This state breaks time-reversal symmetry due to the orbital moment associated with this pair wave-function. Here, we report torque magnetometry in URu<sub>2</sub>Si<sub>2</sub> at high fields and very low temperatures revealing a change in the sign of the magnetic hysteresis for  $H \to H_{c2}$ , and for angles 15° away from the *ab*-plane, i.e. from a clear diamagnetic response dominated by the pinning of vortices to a state with a much smaller but paramagnetic-like hysteretic response which disap*pears* at  $H_{c2}$ . If diamagnetism results from screening super-currents, we conclude that this hysteretic paramagnetic response must result from super-currents circulating in the opposite sense which generate an effective moment as expected for a chiral superconductor.

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Luis Balicas National High Magnetic Field Lab

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