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**Two-Dimensional Magnetic Correlations and Partial Long-Range Order in Geometrically Frustrated  $\text{Sr}_2\text{YRuO}_6$**  EDUARDO GRANADO, UNICAMP - Univ. Estadual de Campinas, JEFFREY W. LYNN, NIST Center for Neutron Research, RENATO F. JARDIM, USP - Univ. de Sao Paulo, MILTON S. TORIKACHVILI, San Diego State University — Geometrically frustrated magnets are fascinating materials displaying a rich variety of physical states. The simplest three-dimensional structure leading to frustrated magnetism and the first one to be investigated is the face-centered cubic (FCC) lattice with antiferromagnetic nearest-neighbor interactions.  $\text{Sr}_2\text{YRuO}_6$  is a particular example of this, crystallizing in the ordered double perovskite structure with the  $\text{Ru}^{5+}$  ions defining an FCC magnetic network. Neutron diffraction experiments were performed on this material, revealing planar magnetic correlations that condense into a partial long-range ordered state with coupled alternate antiferromagnetic (AFM)  $\text{YRuO}_4$  square layers coexisting with the short-range correlations below  $T_{N1} = 32$  K. A second transition to a fully ordered AFM state below  $T_{N2} = 24$  K is observed. The reduced dimensionality of the spin correlations in an FCC lattice is arguably due to a cancellation of the magnetic coupling between consecutive AFM square layers. The interesting magnetic phenomena observed here in  $\text{Sr}_2\text{YRuO}_6$  are entirely driven by its lattice geometry, and may also occur in other FCC antiferromagnets.

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