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**Scanning Tunneling Microscopy of Fe Impurities in  $\text{Bi}_2\text{Sr}_2\text{CaCu}_2\text{O}_{8+d}$**  MICHAEL BOYER, BRIAN KOOPMAN, LING FU, Clark University, W.D. WISE, KAMALESH CHATTERJEE, MIT, GENDAGU, Brookhaven National Laboratory, E.W. HUDSON, Penn State University — We utilize scanning tunneling microscopy measurements to probe the effects of intentionally doped magnetic Fe impurities in the high-temperature superconductor  $\text{Bi}_2\text{Sr}_2\text{CaCu}_2\text{O}_{8+d}$ . Our spectroscopy measurements indicate an absence of particle-hole symmetry in impurity affected regions. In addition, we find evidence that the Fe impurities which substitute for Cu atoms in the  $\text{CuO}_2$  plane are shifted from their expected locations. Both of these findings are in contrast to previous STM measurements on magnetic Ni impurities in  $\text{Bi}_2\text{Sr}_2\text{CaCu}_2\text{O}_{8+d}$  which find spectra which are overall particle-hole symmetric and centered at Cu sites.[1] Interpretations of our measurements may help us understand on a local scale why introduced Fe impurities are more detrimental to superconductivity than Ni impurities as determined by bulk measurements.[2] [1] E.W. Hudson et al., Nature 411, 920 – 924 (2001). [2] T.D. Hien et al., J. Magn. Magn. Mater. 262, 508 – 513 (2003).

Michael Boyer  
Clark University

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