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**Lattice dynamics of  $\text{Bi}_2M_2\text{O}_7$  ( $M=\text{Sn}$ ,  $\text{Ti}$ , and  $\text{Hf}$ ) from first principles** JIANGANG HE, CRAIG J. FENNIE, School of Applied and Engineering Physics, Cornell University — Insulating bismuth pyrochlores with mixed cations randomly distributed on the B site,  $\text{Bi}_2MM'\text{O}_7$ , have been of interest primarily for their dielectric properties. As a way of helping to elucidate the effects of cation disorder from that of the highly polarizable  $\text{Bi}^{3+}$  lone pair cation, systems like  $\text{Bi}_2M_2\text{O}_7$  ( $M=\text{Sn}$ ,  $\text{Ti}$ , and  $\text{Hf}$ ) have been studied. Far from being simple model systems, these single B-site cation materials have been shown to display surprisingly complex and local structural distortions. While  $\text{Bi}_2\text{Sn}_2\text{O}_7$  and  $\text{Bi}_2\text{Hf}_2\text{O}_7$  undergo three and four different phases (where the ground state structure has 352 atoms),  $\text{Bi}_2\text{Ti}_2\text{O}_7$  does not show any coherent structural distortions but rather the  $\text{Bi}_2\text{O}'$  simply becomes disordered. In this talk we will present a comparative first-principles study of the lattice instabilities throughout the BZ of the cubic prototype structures of  $\text{Bi}_2M_2\text{O}_7$  ( $M=\text{Sn}$ ,  $\text{Ti}$ , and  $\text{Hf}$ ). We then use the eigenvectors of the identified unstable force constants to perform a systematic search over all possible subgroup structures, performing full structural relaxations thereby constructing a picture of the energy landscape. Finally we studied the effect of biaxial strain along [100], [110], and [111].

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