Abstract Submitted for the MAR13 Meeting of The American Physical Society

Spontaneous Gap Formation in an Uniaxially Strained Graphene ANAND SHARMA, VALERI N. KOTOV, University of Vermont, ANTONIO H. CASTRO NETO, National University of Singapore — We study the condition of spontaneous gap generation due to Coulomb interaction between anisotropic Dirac fermions in an uniaxially strained graphene. The gap equation is realized as a selfconsistent solution for the self- energy i.e., Dyson- Schwinger equation, within static Random Phase Approximation. The mass gap not only depends on the momentum due to long- range nature of the interaction but also on the anisotropy due to uniaxial strain. Using standard numerical analysis we solve the integral equation on a finite grid. We evaluate the mass gap as a function of dimensionless coupling constant for different values of anisotropy parameter and obtain the critical coupling at which the gap becomes non-zero. Our study indicates that with an increase in uniaxial strain in graphene, the critical coupling decreases which is in agreement with our perturbative renormalization group analysis.

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Date submitted: 17 Dec 2012

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