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Dimer model for Tau proteins bound in microtubule bundles¹ NATALIE HALL, ALEXANDER KLUBER, N. ROBERT HAYRE, RAJIV SINGH, DANIEL COX, University of California, Davis — The microtubule associated protein tau is important in nucleating and maintaining microtubule spacing and structure in neuronal axons. Modification of tau is implicated as a later stage process in Alzheimer's disease, but little is known about the structure of tau in microtubule bundles. We present preliminary work on a proposed model [1] for tau dimers in microtubule bundles (dimers are the minimal units since there is one microtubule binding domain per tau). First, a model of tau monomer was created and its characteristics explored using implicit solvent molecular dynamics simulation. Multiple simulations yield a partially collapsed form with separate positively/negatively charged clumps, but which are a factor of two smaller than required by observed microtubule spacing. We argue that this will elongate in dimer form to lower electrostatic energy at a cost of entropic "spring" energy. We will present preliminary results on steered molecular dynamics runs on tau dimers to estimate the actual force constant.

 Rosenberg, K. J. Ross, J. L. Feinstein, H. E., Feinstein, S. C. Israelachvili, J., PNAS (USA) 105, 2008, 7445-50.

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