

Abstract Submitted
for the MAR13 Meeting of
The American Physical Society

Superconducting-Tip STM on Cobaltates as a Platform for Exploring Topological Superconductivity¹ ALEX W. CONTRYMAN, FRANCIS NIESTEMSKI, YULIN CHEN, Stanford University, THORSTEN HESJEDAL, Oxford University, CAROLINA PARRA, SUK BUM CHUNG, HAI-JUN ZHANG, Z.X. SHEN, SHOU-CHENG ZHANG, HARI C. MANOHARAN, Stanford University — In recent years, Na_xCoO_2 has attracted much attention for its unconventional superconductivity and antiferromagnetic phases. More recently it has been proposed that inducing superconductivity into the stoichiometric compound through the proximity effect could lead to topological superconductivity where Majorana physics might be accessed. We first explore this surface state with standard scanning tunneling spectroscopy and tuning fork-based atomic force microscopy, and then investigate the proximity effect scenario by introducing a superconducting tip to probe the superconductor-vacuum-topological junction.

¹Supported by DOE, Office of Basic Energy Sciences, Division of Materials Sciences and Engineering under contract DE-AC02-76SF00515. Alex W. Contryman is supported by a Dr. Robert N. Noyce Stanford Graduate Fellowship.

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Date submitted: 09 Nov 2012

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