

Abstract Submitted
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Experimental results on decoherence and readout of coupled superconducting flux qubits in a circuit-QED setup¹ JEAN-LUC ORGIAZZI, DAVID LAYDEN, Institute for Quantum Computing, University of Waterloo, RYAN MARCHILDON, University of Toronto, MUSTAFA BAL, CHUNQING DENG, FLORIAN ONG, ADRIAN LUPASCU, Institute for Quantum Computing, University of Waterloo — We present the results of experiments with two superconducting flux qubits coupled to a high-quality factor aluminum coplanar waveguide resonator. The flux qubits have a loop area of $\sim 24 \mu\text{m}^2$. The coupling to the resonator is implemented using the inductance of a shared line. The qubits are independently controlled via on-chip fast flux bias lines. Readout is performed by homodyne detection at large resonator driving power. Readout contrast exceeds 70% for each qubit. We observed long relaxation times, approaching 10 microseconds. The coherence time at the symmetry point exceeds 1 microsecond. Away from the symmetry point, decoherence is due to $1/f$ flux noise, with a measured density of $2.6 \times 10^{-6} \Phi_0 / \sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ at 1 Hz. We discuss the implementation of a two-qubit controlled-NOT gate using the selective darkening technique [1]. [1] P. C. de Groot, J. Lisenfeld, R. N. Schouten, S. Ashhab, A. Lupascu, C. J. P. M. Harmans, and J. E. Mooij. *Nat. Phys.*, 6(10):763-766, October 2010.

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