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On-chip cavity quantum phonodynamics: spin qubits and nano/optomechanics CHARLES TAHAN, Laboratory for Physical Sciences

Sound can be just as quantum as light. But our toolbox for single quanta of sound, i.e. phonons, is currently insufficient. Here we propose a new component that enables a chip-based, solid-state analogue of cavity-QED utilizing acoustic phonons instead of photons. We show how long-lived and tunable acceptor impurity states in silicon nanomechanical cavities can play the role of a matter non-linearity for coherent phonons just as, for example, the Josephson qubit plays in circuit-QED. Both strong coupling (number of coherent Rabi oscillations of approximately 100) and strong dispersive coupling (0.1-2 MHz) can be reached in the 1-20 GHz frequency range, making the system compatible with existing high-Q, nanomechanical resonators. We give explicit experimental signatures and measurement protocols of the acceptor-cavity system via a phonon probe. This system enables the control of single phonons and phonon-phonon interactions, dispersive phonon readout of the acceptor qubit, and compatibility with other nano/optomechanical components such as phonon-photon translators. (This work in collaboration with Rusko Ruskov, LPS; work with Oney Soykal, LPS, will also be discussed.)