## Abstract Submitted for the MAR13 Meeting of The American Physical Society

Ab-initio study of structural and electronic properties of thin film and bulk forms of  $Bi_2Q_3$  (Q = Se, Te) as topological insulators AHMAD RANJBARDIZAJ, HIROSHI MIZUSEKI, YOSHIYUKI KAWAZOE, Institute for Materials Research, Tohoku University, Sendai 980-8577 —  $Bi_2Q_3$  (Q=Se, Te) are the best-known bulk thermoelectric materials, which have been demonstrated to be topological insulators (TI). TI's are insulators with conductive surface states consisting of a single Dirac cones. These materials have layered structures consisting of stacked quintuple layers (QL), with relatively weak coupling between the QL's. Therefore, it might be easy to prepare the  $Bi_2Q_3$  in the form of thin films with particular thicknesses using the available experimental techniques. In this study, the electronic and structural properties of bulk Bi<sub>2</sub>Se<sub>3</sub> are investigated using density functional theory. Our results show that the  $Bi_2Se_3$  is an indirect semiconductor with energy gap of  $\approx 0.27$  eV. Additionally, the electronic structure dependence of  $Bi_2Se_3$  to the thicknesses of thin films (n-QL's with n=1,2...9) is considered. It is observed that the electronic structure of this kind of thin films depends on the number of QL's. For n-QL's with n larger than three, the thin film has a bulk band gap and has protected conducting states on its surface. Moreover, the effect of number of layers (n) on band-gap energy is studied. Similar calculations and discussions are carried out for Bi<sub>2</sub>Te<sub>3</sub> and the results are compared to the Bi<sub>2</sub>Se<sub>3</sub> case and also the available theoretical and experimental results.

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