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**Possible Topological Superconducting Phases of Heavy Gated MoS<sub>2</sub>** NOAH YUAN, Hong Kong University of Science and Technology, K.F. MAK, Columbia University, K.T. LAW, Hong Kong University of Science and Technology — Molybdenum disulfide (MoS<sub>2</sub>) has attracted a lot of attention recently because of its graphene-like crystal structure and massive Dirac spectrum at low energy. Recently, it was found that thin films of MoS<sub>2</sub> become superconducting when they are heavily gated with a critical temperature of about 10 K at optimal gating [1]. In this presentation, we discuss the possible pairing symmetries of MoS<sub>2</sub> according to group-theoretical calculations. Depending on the sign and strength of the on-site and next nearest neighbor interaction, we found that MoS<sub>2</sub> can support two topological phases. In the chiral d-wave phase, the system breaks time-reversal symmetry spontaneously and supports chiral Majorana edge states. In a spin singlet and triplet mixing phase, the system respects time-reversal symmetry and supports helical Majorana edge states. Experimental signatures of the topological superconducting phases are discussed.

[1] J. T. Ye et al. Science 338, 1193 (2012).

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