

Abstract Submitted  
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**Effective Properties of Graphene with Large Periodic Anti-dots<sup>1</sup>**

BING ZHANG, PING SHENG, physics department of Hong Kong University of Science and Technology — Antidot graphene is an interesting material system which can exhibit a bandgap. In this work we present the effective properties of graphene with large periodic anti-dots, obtained by solving the Weyl equation numerically, as well as through the  $k \cdot p$  theory calculation. We find the dispersion relation to be hyperbolic in character, leading to an effective mass  $m^*$  with an altered Fermi velocity  $v_{\text{eff}}$  as compared to the pristine case. The gap is exactly given by  $2m^*c^2$ , where  $c$  is the speed of light. The dependence of  $m^*$  and  $v_{\text{eff}}$  on geometric parameters is investigated. A remarkable enhancement of the Coulomb interaction parameter is seen in the antidot graphene, in the region close to the bottom of the band. This can explain the appearance of a Coulomb quasi-gap discovered recently in this material system.

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