## Abstract Submitted for the MAR14 Meeting of The American Physical Society

The Hidden Order Gap and In-Gap Excitation Mode in URu<sub>2</sub>Si<sub>2</sub> **Revealed by Electronic Raman Scattering<sup>1</sup>** HSIANG-HSI KUNG, Rutgers University, RYAN BAUMBACH, ERIC BAUER, Los Alamos National Laboratory, JOHN A. MYDOSH, Kamerlingh Onnes Laboratory, WEILU ZHANG, VERNER K. THORSMØLLE, KRISTJAN HAULE, GIRSH BLUMBERG, Rutgers University — The heavy fermion compound  $URu_2Si_2$  displays a phase transition into the so called "hidden order" state at  $T_{HO} = 17.5 \,\mathrm{K}$ . Using polarized electronic Raman scattering, we show that the Raman response in the  $A_{2g}$  symmetry channel  $(D_{4h})$ : (1) at high temperatures can be described by a Drude-like continuum with the scattering rate decreasing from  $46 \,\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$  at 300 K to  $16 \,\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$  at 70 K; (2) develops a low energy peak due to spectral weight transfer through Fano interference in the temperature range of 70-20 K; (3) below  $T_{HO}$  develops a gap of about 55 cm<sup>-1</sup> in the continuum, and a sharp in-gap mode centered at  $14 \,\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ . In addition, we show that the real part of the static Raman susceptibility in the  $A_{2q}$  symmetry is proportional to the c-axis static magnetic susceptibility above  $T_{HO}$ . The implication of these observations will be discussed in the talk.

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