## Abstract Submitted for the MAR14 Meeting of The American Physical Society

Molecular Dynamics of Poly(L-Lactic Acid) at around Glass Transition Temperature Elucidated by Solid-state  $NMR^1$  WEI CHEN, TOSHIKAZU MIYOSHI, the University of Akron — Chain dynamics in so-called  $\alpha_{\rm c}$  mobile crystals obey Arrhenius type behaviors at temperatures well above the glass transition temperature  $(T_g)$  and below the melting temperatures  $(T_m)$ , while segmental motions of amorphous components above  $T_{\rm g}$  follows WLF behaviors. If polymer chains in the crystalline regions perform overall chain dynamics at temperature around  $T_{\rm g}$ , how does dynamic correlation time  $\langle \tau_{\rm c} \rangle$  change as a function of temperature? PLLA possessing a relatively high  $T_{\rm g} \approx 60$  °C will provide an opportunity to challenge such a general question in polymer dynamics. Here molecular dynamics of PLLA chain in homo- ( $\alpha \alpha'$ , and glassy states) and stereocomplex (SC) systems are investigated by Solid–State NMR. Results verify that the chains within crystalline region in  $\alpha$  and SC begin molecular dynamics at temperatures well above  $T_{\rm g}$  and temperature dependence of  $\langle \tau_{\rm c} \rangle$  in both systems follows Arrhenius behavior. In the disordered  $\alpha'$  phase, the molecular dynamics of the backbone continues even at temperatures below  $\sim T_{\rm g}$ + 10 °C. The temperature dependence of  $\langle \tau_c \rangle$  shows a non-Arrhenius behavior. The unique temperature dependence of molecular dynamics of PLLA in glassy state, disordered crystals, and stable crystals will be elucidated.

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