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The Field-Temperature Phase Diagram of the Heavy Fermion Compound Ce<sub>2</sub>Ge<sub>2</sub>Mg WILLIAM GANNON, MOOSUNG KIM, LIUSUO WU, Stony Brook University, MEIGAN ARONSON, Stony Brook University and Brookhaven National Laboratory — The heavy fermion metal Ce<sub>2</sub>Ge<sub>2</sub>Mg has a layered structure with the Ce nearest neighbor pairs arranged orthogonally to one another in the tetragonal *a-b* plane, a structure topologically equivalent to the Shastry-Sutherland lattice (SSL). This material is thought to be more two dimensional than other  $R_2T_2X$  SSL compounds such as Yb<sub>2</sub>Pt<sub>2</sub>Pb, due to the relatively long distance along the c-axis between Ce atoms in adjacent SSL planes. The magnetic phase diagram of Ce<sub>2</sub>Ge<sub>2</sub>Mg has been determined for magnetic fields in the SSL plane and along the c-axis, for temperatures from the antiferromagnetic transition at T = 9.4K in zero applied field down to T = 1.8 K and fields as high as 14 T using magnetization, resistance, and heat capacity. Our measurements show a complex phase diagram with field suppressing the antiferromagnetic transition and the emergence of several ordered phases. These phases are possible evidence for singlet-to-triplet excitations in the Ce dimers.

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