

Abstract Submitted  
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**Ferromagnetism and unconventional impurity effects in Rh- and Ga- doped LaCoO<sub>3</sub>** SHINICHIRO ASAI, RYUJI OKAZAKI, ICHIRO TERASAKI, Department of Physics, Nagoya University, YUKIO YASUI, Department of Physics, Meiji University — The perovskite oxide LaCoO<sub>3</sub> has been long investigated because of a dramatic change of its spin state for Co<sup>3+</sup> ions with temperature variation. The Co<sup>3+</sup> ions ( $3d^6$ ) in LaCoO<sub>3</sub> takes the non-magnetic low-spin state of  $t_{2g}^6$  at low temperature. The spin state of the Co<sup>3+</sup> ions in this system is sensitive to the chemical substitutions; we have found a weak ferromagnetism in a solid solution of LaCoO<sub>3</sub> and LaRhO<sub>3</sub> [S. Asai *et al.*, JPSJ 80, 104705 (2011)]. Since the two oxides are non-magnetic at low temperature, our finding is an example of “order by disorder,” where a non-magnetic impurity makes a non-magnetic oxide ferromagnetic. We have further investigated the magnetization and x-ray diffraction of LaCo<sub>0.8-y</sub>Rh<sub>0.2</sub>M<sub>y</sub>O<sub>3</sub> (M = Rh, Ga) [S. Asai *et al.*, PRB 86, 014421 (2012)]. The magnetization decreases by the Ga<sup>3+</sup> substitution much more drastically than by the Rh<sup>3+</sup> substitution. It indicates that at least two kinds of Co<sup>3+</sup> ions exist in LaCo<sub>0.8</sub>Rh<sub>0.2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>; one is nonmagnetic, and the other is magnetic. In this talk, we will also discuss the change of the lattice volume with the Rh<sup>3+</sup> and Ga<sup>3+</sup> substitution [S. Asai *et al.*, JPSJ 82, 114606 (2013)].

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