

Abstract Submitted
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Comparison of specific heat and magneto-resistance measurements in the same $\text{SmFeAsO}_{1-x}\text{F}_x$ crystals STANISLAW GALESKI, PHILIP MOLL, NIKOLAI ZHIGADLO, JANUSZ KARPINSKI, BERTRAM BATLOGG, Laboratory for Solid State Physics, ETH Zurich, Switzerland, PHYSICS OF NEW MATERIALS TEAM — We have performed resistivity and specific heat measurements in the same sub-microgram single crystals of an iron-based superconductor $\text{SmFeAsO}_{1-x}\text{F}_x$ ($T_c \approx 50\text{K}$). This allowed for the first direct comparison of H_{c2} curves from thermodynamic measurements with estimates from the magneto-resistance at commonly used criteria (10, 50, 90% ρ_N). A criterion of 40-50% ρ_N well describes $H_{c2}(T)$ for both in and out of plane fields. We attribute the low field dependence of the criterion to filamentary superconductivity. The challenging heat capacity measurement on microscopic crystals ($50\mu\text{m}$ in diameter, $10\mu\text{m}$ thick) was done using a commercially available gas-nanocalorimeter. The thermodynamic data was in good agreement with previous experiments performed on crystals from the same batch by other groups. H_{c2} slopes of 1.6 T/K for fields parallel to the c-axis and 12.3 T/K in the ab-plane were found yielding a ξ anisotropy $\gamma \approx 7$. This demonstrates that our experimental technique is both relatively fast to set up and furthermore reliable in fields up to 6T.

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