

Abstract Submitted  
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**Superfluid phases of  $^3\text{He}$  in a periodic confined geometry<sup>1</sup>**

JOSHUA WIMAN, J.A. SAULS, Northwestern University — We report theoretical and computational results on the phases of superfluid  $^3\text{He}$  confined by a two-dimensional periodic array of square boundaries (“posts”) with maximal pair-breaking on the boundaries and translational invariance in the third dimension. We obtain a phase diagram by numerically minimizing the Ginzburg-Landau free energy functional. Results are reported for the pressure range  $P = 0 - 34$  bar, based on material parameters that include strong-coupling corrections that account for the bulk  $^3\text{He}$  phase diagram, and for lattice periods,  $L \leq 30\xi_0$  and post dimensions,  $0.5\xi_0 \leq d < L$ . At all pressures we find a transition from the normal state to a periodic polar phase with  $T_{c1} < T_c$  for bulk superfluid  $^3\text{He}$ , for all  $d$  for which a superfluid transition occurs. For lower temperatures and sufficiently small post dimensions we find a sequence of symmetry breaking phase transitions from polar to a low temperature periodic “B-like” phase. At high pressures we find two chiral phases with different point symmetries that are energetically stable at intermediate temperatures and confinement,  $D = L - d$ . We report theoretical predictions for the NMR frequency shifts which provide fingerprints for each of these broken symmetry phases.

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