

Abstract Submitted  
for the MAR14 Meeting of  
The American Physical Society

**Intrinsic Josephson Junctions in the iron-based multi-band superconductor  $(\text{V}_2\text{Sr}_4\text{O}_6)\text{Fe}_2\text{As}_2$**  PHILIP MOLL, Solid State Physics, ETH Zurich, Switzerland, XIYU ZHU, PENG CHENG, HAI-HU WEN, Center for Superconducting Physics and Materials, Nanjing University, China, BATLOGG BERTRAM, Solid State Physics, ETH Zurich, Switzerland — We have observed clear experimental evidence for intrinsic Josephson junction (iJJ) behavior in the iron-based superconductor  $(\text{V}_2\text{Sr}_4\text{O}_6)\text{Fe}_2\text{As}_2$  ( $T_c \approx 20\text{K}$ ). The iJJs are identified by periodic oscillations of the flux flow voltage for out-of-plane (c-axis) currents upon increasing a well aligned in-plane magnetic field. Their periodicity is well explained by commensurability effects between the Josephson vortex lattice and the crystal structure, which is a hallmark signature of Josephson vortices confined into iJJ stacks. Essential for reliable c-axis transport measurements on the available microcrystals are Focused Ion Beam microstructuring and contacting techniques. The insulating temperature behavior of  $\rho_c$  indicates S-I-S type junctions. This finding adds  $(\text{V}_2\text{Sr}_4\text{O}_6)\text{Fe}_2\text{As}_2$  as the first iron-based, multi-band superconductor to the copper-based iJJ materials of interest for Josephson junction applications, and in particular novel devices based on multi-band Josephson coupling may be realized.

Philip Moll  
Solid State Physics, ETH Zurich, Switzerland

Date submitted: 15 Nov 2013

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