

Abstract Submitted
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High temperature ferrielectricity and ferrimagnetism in LnACrOsO_6 by design HENA DAS, SAURABH GHOSH, AEP, Cornell University, Ithaca, NY, USA, MARTHA GREENBLATT, Dept of C. C. B., Rutgers University, Piscataway, NJ, USA, TANUSRI SAHA-DASGUPTA, S.N. Bose National Centre for Basic Sciences, Kolkata, India, CRAIG FENNIE, AEP, Cornell University, Ithaca, NY, USA — Despite intense efforts over the last decade, there are surprisingly few multiferroics in which a net magnetization coexists with a switchable polarization at room temperature. Since magnetism tends to be the harder problem, one approach to solve this challenge is to start with a material that is magnetically ordered at room temperature and drive it ferroelectric. In this regard, the double perovskite $\text{Sr}_2\text{CrOsO}_6$ is a promising candidate; it is ferromagnetic and insulating with a $T_c = 725$ K, the highest known T_c of any magnetic insulating oxide with appreciable uncompensated magnetic moment. Here we discuss our first-principles study of the ferroic properties of as not yet synthesized $3d$ - $5d$ double perovskites, LnACrOsO_6 ($\text{Ln} = \text{La}, \text{Y}, \text{Ce-Lu}; \text{A} = \text{Na}, \text{K}$). We identify polar compounds that have moderate polarization switching barriers and display ferrimagnetism that is expected to persist above room temperature.

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