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Realizing $SU(N)$ magnets in thermal alkaline-earth gases
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ALAGIC, IQIM, Cal Inst of Tech (Caltech) — We show that thermal fermionic
alkaline-earth atoms in flat-bottom traps allow one to implement a spin model dis-
playing two symmetries: the symmetry that swaps atoms occupying different vibra-
tional levels of the trap and the $SU(N)$ symmetry associated with N nuclear spin
states. The high symmetry allows us to analytically calculate the full spectrum, the
eigenstates, and the dynamics. Armed with such a solid understanding, we show how
this system can be used to generate entangled states usable for Heisenberg limited
metrology (e.g. clocks), to make measurements useful for quantum information pro-
cessing, and to understand spin diffusion in $SU(N)$ systems. The best news is that
this highly symmetric spin model should be readily realizable even when the vibra-
tional levels are occupied according to a high-temperature thermal or a non-thermal
distribution.

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