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Atomistic Calculations of Nanosecond Timescale Kinetics of Shock-Compressed SiO₂

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Unraveling the behavior of SiO₂ under high dynamic pressures is important for understanding meteor impacts, laser-induced damage of optics, and interpretation of shock compression experiments in a geophysical context. This behavior is made complicated by the presence of several high pressure phases and complex kinetic processes that yield long-lived metastable states. Quantitative understanding of the kinetics is nearly as important as the thermodynamics for this material. Here we make the first atomistic calculations of kinetic processes in SiO₂ shocked to pressures near the stishovite and melt boundary. We perform atomistic calculations with up to 1 million atoms for timescales of 10 nanoseconds to elucidate the nucleation and growth and subsequent grain size evolution of the stishovite phase. These calculations are enabled by the multi-scale shock technique (MSST) implemented in LAMMPS. We further study the role of the quantum nature of the nuclei at 1 million atom scales using a fast semiclassical variation of MSST called QBMSST.