MAR14-2013-020488

Abstract for an Invited Paper for the MAR14 Meeting of the American Physical Society

Lattice, spin, and charge excitations in cuprates¹ WEI-SHENG LEE, Stanford Institute for Materials and Energy Sciences, SLAC National Accelerator Laboratory

Tracking doping evolution of elementary excitations is a crucial approach to understand the complex phenomena exhibited in cuprates. In the first part of my talk, I will discuss the role of the lattice in the quasi-one-dimensional edge-sharing cuprate $Y_{2+x}Ca_{2-x}Cu_5O_{10}$ [1]. Using O K-edge RIXS, we resolve site-dependent harmonic phonon excitations of a 70 meV mode. Coupled with theory, this provides a direct measurement of electron-lattice coupling strength. We show that such electron-lattice coupling causes doping-dependent distortions of the Cu-O-Cu bond angle, which sets the intra-chain spin exchange interactions. In the second part of my talk, I will discuss collective excitations in the electron-doped superconducting cuprate, $Nd_{2-x}Ce_xCuO_4$ [2] observed using Cu L-edge RIXS. Surprisingly, despite the fact that the spin stiffness is zero and the AFM correlations are short-ranged, magnetic excitations harden significantly across the AFM-HTSC phase boundary, in stark contrast with the hole-doped cuprates. Furthermore, we found an unexpected and highly dispersive mode emanating from the zone center in superconductivity. Thus, our results indicate an asymmetry of the collective excitations in electron- and hole-doped cuprates, providing a new perspective on the doping evolution of the cuprate ground state.

- [1] W. S. Lee *et al.*, Phys. Rev. Lett. **110**, 265502 (2013).
- [2] W. S. Lee *et al.*, arXiv: 1308. 4740.

¹This work is supported by DOE Office of Basic Energy Sciences, Materials Sciences and Engineering Division, under Contract DE-AC02-76SF00515.