

Abstract Submitted
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The Effect of Biaxial Strain and Layer Thickness on Octahedral Rotation in LaNiO_3 ¹ PATRICK MCBRIDE, ANDERSON JANOTTI, CYRUS DREYER, BURAK HIMMETOGLU, CHRIS VAN DE WALLE, Univ of California - Santa Barbara — Heterostructures of complex oxides have attracted great attention for the interplay between structure, electronic, and magnetic properties, offering unique opportunities in device applications. Here we investigate the effects of epitaxial strain and layer thickness on the structural properties of LaNiO_3 . We perform first-principles calculations based on density functional theory to investigate the NiO_6 octahedral tilts and Ni-O bond lengths of biaxially stressed LaNiO_3 layers in $\text{LaNiO}_3/\text{SrTiO}_3$ superlattices. Recent experimental results suggest that octahedral connectivity in these superlattices strongly influence the octahedral rotations in the LaNiO_3 layer, and thus, determines its electronic behavior. In this talk we will present a quantitative analysis for the octahedral tilt angles as a function of both biaxial stress and distance from the substrate for LaNiO_3 grown on SrTiO_3 (001). Our results indicate that LaNiO_3 exhibits vanishing octahedral tilt angles under certain strain conditions, a finding that holds important consequences for its electronic properties.

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