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Pressure tuning of itinerant magnetism in Mo₃Sb₇ YISHU WANG, Univ of Chicago, JINGUANG CHENG, Chinese Academy of Sciences, ALEXAN-DER PALMER, DANIEL SILEVITCH, THOMAS ROSENBAUM, Univ of Chicago, JIAQIANG YAN, BRIAN SALES, Oak Ridge National Laboratory, YOSHIYA UWATOKO, University of Tokyo, YEJUN FENG, Argonne National Laboratory — Mo₃Sb₇ is a recently discovered itinerant antiferromagnet with a magnetic phase formed by spin dimerization at 53 K and ambient pressure, followed by a 2.3 K superconducting phase. In concert with the dimer pairing of S=1/2 Mo ions, a contraction of the crystalline lattice breaks the cubic symmetry. Here we use both high pressure x-ray single crystal diffraction and electrical transport techniques to investigate the magnetic behavior and map out the P-T phase diagram of Mo₃Sb₇. Our results demonstrate that the magnetic phase is eventually suppressed by high pressure, where the lattice structure returns to cubic. The disappearance of the antiferromagnetic phase in Mo₃Sb₇ could influence the evolution of the superconducting state.

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