

Abstract Submitted  
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**Dopant concentration dependent optical and X-Ray induced photoluminescence in  $\text{Eu}^{3+}$  doped  $\text{La}_2\text{Zr}_2\text{O}_7$** <sup>1</sup> MADHAB POKHREL, Univ of Texas, Pan American, MIKHAIL BRIK, University of Tartu, YUANBING MAO, Univ of Texas, Pan American — Herein, we will be presenting the dopant (Eu) concentration dependent high density  $\text{La}_2\text{Zr}_2\text{O}_7$  nanoparticles for optical and X-ray scintillation applications by use of X - ray diffraction, Raman, FTIR, scanning electron microscope (SEM), transmission electron microscopy (TEM), optically and X-ray excited photoluminescence (PL). Several theoretical methods have been used in order to investigate the structural, electronic, optical, elastic, dynamic properties of Eu doped  $\text{La}_2\text{Zr}_2\text{O}_7$ . It is observed that Eu:  $\text{La}_2\text{Zr}_2\text{O}_7$  shows an intense red luminescence under 258, 322, 394 and 465 nm excitation. The optical intensity of Eu:  $\text{La}_2\text{Zr}_2\text{O}_7$  depends on the dopant concentration of  $\text{Eu}^{3+}$ . Following high energy excitation with X-rays, Eu:  $\text{La}_2\text{Zr}_2\text{O}_7$  shows an atypical Eu PL response (scintillation) with a red emission. The intense color emission of Eu obtained under 258 nm excitation, the X-ray induced luminescence property along with reportedly high density of  $\text{La}_2\text{Zr}_2\text{O}_7$ , makes these nanomaterials attractive for optical and X-ray applications.

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