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**Tunable Orbital-Selective Magnetic Interaction in Tricolor Oxide Interfaces** YANWEI CAO, MICHAEL KAREEV, XIAORAN LIU, DEBRAJ CHOUDHURY, SRIMANTA MIDDEY, DEREK MEYERS, JAK CHAKHALIAN, University of Arkansas — Recently, several theoretical scenarios of orbital-selective magnetic interactions were proposed to understand the emergence of the unexpected interfacial magnetism in the archetypical SrTiO<sub>3</sub>-based two-dimensional electron gas systems, the origin of which is still intriguing and not an entirely understood phenomenon in oxide interface physics. Experimentally, however, there thus far lacks a material system to directly demonstrate the magnetic interaction with orbital-selection (dxy vs. dxz/dyz) and eventually manipulate this magnetic interaction. To address this, here we induced 2DEG and localized magnetism into the same SrTiO<sub>3</sub> layer by devising the heterostructure LaTiO<sub>3</sub>/SrTiO<sub>3</sub>/YTiO<sub>3</sub>. Combined electrical transport and atomic-resolved scanning transmission electron microscope with electron energy loss spectroscopy revealed that the magnetic localized electrons are formed by the spin transfer from the YTiO<sub>3</sub> layer into 2DEG formed at the LaTiO<sub>3</sub> /SrTiO<sub>3</sub> interface, with the orbital occupancy and strength of the magnetic interaction controlled by the SrTiO<sub>3</sub> layer thickness. Our work provides an ideal platform to explore the orbital physics driven by the interfacial magnetism with prospects for exciting spintronic applications.

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