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High-fidelity dispersive readout using squeezed light. Part  $I^1$ NICOLAS DIDIER, McGill University and Universite de Sherbrooke, ARCHANA KAMAL, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, SAMUEL BOUTIN, Universite de Sherbrooke, WILLIAM D. OLIVER, MIT Lincoln Laboratory, ALEXANDRE BLAIS, Universite de Sherbrooke, AASHISH A. CLERK, McGill University — High-fidelity and fast qubit readout is essential for quantum information processing. For interferometric measurements of small static phase shifts, it is well-known that squeezing permits one to surpass the standard quantum limit scaling of imprecision with photon number. We show here how to obtain a similar improvement (and Heisenberg-limited scaling) using squeezed light for qubit measurement in circuit QED. In contrast to the standard problem, the phase shifts here are not small, and are in general time-dependent. We first explain that because of these features, only a limited improvement of measurement fidelity is possible if one uses single-mode squeezed states. We then show that by using two-mode squeezed states in a novel two-cavity geometry, one can achieve a dramatic fidelity enhancement, and true Heisenberg-limited scaling.

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