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of TiO_2 -Xwt%InVO₄ Development Photocatalytic Nano-composites for Ambient Light Assisted Water Detoxification¹ SESHA SRINIVASAN, Florida Polytechnic University, College of Innovation and Technology, JEREMIAH WILSON, Tuskegee University, Department of Physics, ERIC VICKERS, RYAN INTEGLIA, Florida Polytechnic University, College of Engineering — We have developed nano-composites of TiO_2 -Xwt%InVO₄ for environmental and biomedical research applications. TiO_2 is commonly used as catalyst that utilizes the UV portion of the sun light spectrum to induce photo-oxidation and photo-reduction processes. We hypothesized that the combination of $InVO_4$ and TiO_2 will result in a material that will catalyze organic contaminants through photo-oxidation under visible light. We combined TiO_2 with 2,4,6,8,10 wt% of $InVO_4$ via wet ball milling process. We have compared the various concentrations of $InVO_4$ on TiO₂ matrix by SEM, BET surface area analyzer, FTIR, XRD, and photodegradation of the organic contaminant Methyl Orange. After characterization we found that 4wt% InVO₄+TiO₂ mixture displayed the most promising characteristics for photo-oxidation under visible light; From the BET surface area analysis it showed the largest surface area out of the prior mentioned $TiO_2 = Xwt\%$ InVO₄ mixtures and a degradation amount equivalent to 50% of Methyl Orange contaminant over 7 hours under visible light. In conclusion, TiO_2 -Xwt%InVO₄ displayed evidence of photo-oxidation under visible light conditions.

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Sesha Srinivasan Florida Polytechnic University, College of Innovation and Technology

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