Abstract Submitted for the MAR15 Meeting of The American Physical Society

Suppression of Phase Separation and Enhanced Superconducting Transition Temperature of $\text{FeSe}_{1-x}\text{Te}_x$ Thin Films¹ FUYUKI NABESHIMA, YUICHI SAWADA, YOSHINORI IMAI, ATSUTAKA MAEDA, The University of Tokyo — To clarify the mechanism of superconductivity of Fe-based superconductors, it is crucial to investigate superconductivity of $\text{FeSe}_{1-x}\text{Te}_x$, which has the simplest crystal structure. There is, however, a serious obstacle to the understanding of its superconductivity; phase separation by spinodal decomposition occurs in the region of 0.1 < x < 0.4 and thus a whole phase diagram has not been available. A useful method to fabricate metastable materials is thin-film deposition because of its thermodynamically non-equilibrium growth. In the presentation we will report the first demonstration of the suppression of the phase separation of $\text{FeSe}_{1-x}\text{Te}_x$ thin films on CaF_2 substrates [1]. Surprisingly the optimal composition to achieve the highest superconducting transition temperature, $T_{\rm c}$, was found in this phase separation region; $T_{\rm c}^{\rm onset}$ reaches ${\sim}23$ K. A whole phase diagram we will present provides a new perspective for the superconductivity of this material. [1] F. Nabeshima et al., Appl. Phys. Lett. **103** (2013) 172602.

¹Partially supported by Strategic International Collaborative Research Program (SICORP) of Japan Science and Technology Agency.

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Date submitted: 14 Nov 2014

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