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Magnetoresistance measurements in a chiral magnet $CrNb_3S_6$ subject to locally applied magnetic field YU MATSUMOTO, Osaka Prefecture Univ., YUSUKE KOUSAKA, JUN AKIMITSU, Aoyama Gakuin Univ., SADA-FUMI NISHIHARA, KATSUYA INOUE, Hiroshima Univ., ROBERT STAMPS, Univ. of Glasgow, ALEXANDER S. OVCHINIKOV, Ural Federal Univ., JUN-ICHIRO KISHINE, The Open Univ. of Japan, YOSHIHIKO TOGAWA, Osaka Prefecture Univ. — $CrNb_3S_6$ is one of interesting magnetic materials with structural chirality, wherein chiral magnetic orders are formed as a consequence of the competition between Heisenberg exchange and antisymmetric Dzyaloshinsky-Moriya (DM) interactions. Interestingly, a chiral helimagnetic order appears as the ground state at zero magnetic field, while it transforms into a chiral spin soliton lattice; a spin superlattice of forced ferromagnetic regions partitioned by a soliton with 2π rotation of spin magnetic moments, in the presence of magnetic field applied perpendicular to the chiral structural axis [1]. In this work, we have investigated the magnetoresistance (MR) in a micro-fabricated single crystal of $CrNb_3S_6$ by means of the standard ac transport measurement. We have found that the MR exhibits a hysteresis behavior during the magnetic field cycle, although a continuous negative MR is observed in a bulk single crystal [2]. In the presentation, we will show the MR changes induced by locally applied magnetic field and discuss their properties in terms of the macroscopic coherence of the chiral spin soliton lattice.

[1] Y. Togawa et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 108, 107202 (2012).

[2] Y. Togawa et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 111, 197204 (2013).

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