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**Antibunching and unconventional photon blockade with Gaussian squeezed states** MARC-ANTOINE LEMONDE, McGill University, NICOLAS DIDIER, McGill University, Université de Sherbrooke, AASHISH CLERK, McGill University — There is considerable interest in both the circuit QED<sup>1</sup> and optomechanics,<sup>2</sup> experiments in using the measured intensity fluctuations of a bosonic field as a direct signature of a nonclassical state. Although these nonclassical signatures, such as antibunching, are usually observed in strongly nonlinear systems, they also have been reported with Gaussian states in linear systems.<sup>3</sup> To clarify the significance of the intensity correlations, we derive a sufficient condition for deducing if a field is non-Gaussian based on intensity correlations measurement.<sup>4</sup> With these results in hands, we shed light on the so-called *unconventional photon blockade* effect predicted in a driven two-cavity setup with surprisingly weak Kerr nonlinearities, stressing that it is a particular realization of optimized Gaussian amplitude squeezing.

<sup>1</sup>D. Bozyigit, *et al.*, Nat. Phys. **7**, 154-158 (2011).

<sup>2</sup>J. D. Cohen, *et al.* arXiv:1410.1047.

<sup>3</sup>N. B. Grosse, *et al.*, Phys. Rev. Lett. **98**, 153603 (2007).

<sup>4</sup>M.-A. Lemonde, N. Didier, A. A. Clerk, arXiv:1410.6510.

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