

Abstract Submitted  
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**Direct Observation of Magnetic Frustration via Bond-directional Interactions in a Honeycomb Lattice Iridate  $\text{Na}_2\text{IrO}_3$** <sup>1</sup> SAE HWAN CHUN, H. ZHENG, C. STOUMPOS, C. MALLIAKAS, J.F. MITCHELL, Materials Science Division, Argonne National Laboratory, JONG-WOO KIM, JUNGHO KIM, Y. CHOI, T. GOG, Advanced Photon Source, Argonne National Laboratory, KAVITA MEHLAWAT, YOGESH SINGH, Indian Institute of Science Education and Research Mohali, A. AL-ZEIN, M. MORRETI SALA, M. KRISCH, European Synchrotron Radiation Facility, J. CHALOUPKA, Central European Institute of Technology, Masaryk University, G. JACKELI, G. KHALIULLIN, B.J. KIM, Max Planck Institute for Solid State Research — Despite its long-range zigzag magnetic ground state, the honeycomb  $\text{Na}_2\text{IrO}_3$  is considered as a model system for approaching a Kitaev quantum spin liquid due to a proposed bond-directional magnetic frustration. Using resonant x-ray magnetic scattering, we find direct evidence of this frustration and follow its temperature dependence. We observe that three zigzag magnetic states with short-range correlation are displayed in the diffuse magnetic peaks as a function of scattering geometry up to  $6T_N$ . Each zigzag state breaks  $C_3$  symmetry individually, but the simultaneous  $C_3$  rotation in both real and spin spaces remains invariant as consequence of the distinct magnetic anisotropies tied to three Ir-Ir bonds in the lattice. This result confirms the dominant role of the bond-directional interactions in the frustration.

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