

Abstract Submitted
for the MAR15 Meeting of
The American Physical Society

**High Intensity Pressure Noise Transmission in Human Ear:
A Three Dimensional Simulation Study**¹ TAKUMI HAWA, RONG GAN,
KEGAN LECKNESS, The University of Oklahoma — High intensity pressure noise
generated by explosions and jet engines causes auditory damage and hearing loss of
the military service personals, which are the most common disabilities in the veter-
ans. Authors have investigated the high intensity pressure noise transmission from
the ear canal to middle ear cavity. A fluid-structure interaction with a viscoelastic
model for the tympanic membrane (TM) as well as the ossicular chain has been con-
sidered in the study. For the high intensity pressure simulation the geometry of the
ear was based on a 3D finite element (FE) model of the human ear reported by Gan
et al. (Ann Biomed Eng 2004). The model consists of the ear canal, TM, ossicular
chain, and the middle ear cavity. The numerical approach includes two steps: 1)
FE based finite-volume method simulation to compute pressure distributions in the
ear canal and the middle ear cavity using CFX; and 2) FE modeling of TM and
middle ear ossicles in response to high intensity sound using multi-physics analy-
sis in ANSYS. The simulations provide the displacement of the TM/ossicular chain
and the pressure fields in the ear canal and the middle ear cavity. These results are
compared with human temporal bone experimental data obtained in our group.

¹This work was supported by DOD W81XWH-14-1-0228

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Date submitted: 14 Nov 2014

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