

Abstract Submitted  
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**Atomic Disorder in Tetrahedrite** JOHN ROBERT SALASIN, Univ of Tennessee, Knoxville, BRYAN CHAKOUMAKOS, Oak Ridge National Lab, CLAUDIA RAWN, Univ of Tennessee, Knoxville, ANDREW MAY, EDGAR LARACURZIO, MICHAEL MCGUIRE, HUIBO CAO, Oak Ridge National Lab — Thermoelectrics (TE) are materials which turn heat energy into electrical energy with applications spanning multiple disciplines including space exploration, Peltier cooling, and engine efficiency. Tetrahedrite is a copper sulfosalt with the general formula  $\text{Cu}_{12-x}\text{M}_x(\text{Sb,As})_4\text{S}_{13}$ . Where M denotes a  $\text{Cu}^{2+}$  site frequently replaced in natural tetrahedrite with Zn, Fe, Hg, or Mn. It has a cubic structure with an I-43m symmetry,  $a = 10.4 \text{ \AA}$ , and only a handful of adjustable parameters. This structural study corroborates theoretical calculations on atomic disorder. Positional disorder of the trigonally coordinated Cu(2) site is suggested from the temperature dependence of the atomic displacement parameters determined from single-crystal x-ray and neutron diffraction.<sup>1</sup> The displacements are extremely anisotropic for Cu(2) with a maximum rms static displacement of  $\sim 0.25 \text{ \AA}$ .

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