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Emergent phenomena in LaAlO₃/GdAlO₃ superlattices by breaking inversion symmetry HAI-TIAN ZHANG, RYAN HAISLMAIER, JASON LAPANO, VENKAT GOPALAN, ROMAN ENGEL-HERBERT, Penn State University — Recently, tremendous interest has been focused on materials by design, where hybrid improper ferroelectricity was proposed from first principles predictions in perovskite superlattice structures (ABO₃)_n/(A'BO₃)_m, which is directly coupled to the oxygen octahedral rotations [1]. Such oxygen octahedron rotations are anticipated stable at high temperatures, thus being a potential materials candidate for high temperature piezoelectric sensor and transducer applications. In this talk we will present the homoepitaxial growth of LaAlO₃ and GdAlO₃ by hybrid molecular beam epitaxy, where a volatile aluminium alkoxide precursor and elemental La/Gd (flux $2 \times 10^{13} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$) were co-supplied in the presence of an oxygen plasma (RF plasma power 250 W). Growth mode, film surface morphology and defect type for films grown under La/Gd-rich and Al-rich growth conditions will be discussed and directly related to structure and properties characterization of the LaAlO₃ and GdAlO₃. Changes in the octahedral tilts, probed by scanning transmission electron microscopy in the proximity of GdAlO₃/LaAlO₃ interface are discussed and compared to first principle predictions.

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