

Abstract Submitted
for the MAR15 Meeting of
The American Physical Society

Fractional Quantum Hall Effect in the Second Landau Level of bilayer graphene GEORGI DIANKOV, FRANCOIS AMET, MENYOUNG LEE, ANDREW BESTWICK, KEVIN THARRATT, CHI-TE LIANG, DAVID GOLDHABER-GORDON, Stanford University — Bilayer graphene exhibits rich Quantum Hall physics due to valley, spin and orbital degrees of freedom that lead to a variety of polarization states. We study the Fractional Quantum Hall Effect (FQHE) in ultra-clean multiterminal bilayer graphene devices on boron nitride with a local graphite gate at magnetic fields of up to 45 T. We measure mobility of up to 1 million $\text{cm}^2/\text{V}\cdot\text{s}$ and very low disorder. In addition to the broken-symmetry integer states, we unambiguously resolve a variety of fractions and focus on a series of fractions in the Second Landau Level, which do not follow particle-hole asymmetry. From the magnetic field dependence of the fractions, we find that some of these fractions have spin-polarized ground states while others are unpolarized, and we present a possible explanation for this difference. This work provides insights into how the symmetry-breaking electron-electron interactions and Zeeman splitting interact to produce a rich landscape of composite fermions in the Second Landau Level of bilayer graphene.

Georgi Diankov
Stanford University

Date submitted: 14 Nov 2014

Electronic form version 1.4