Abstract Submitted for the MAR16 Meeting of The American Physical Society

Configurational entropy of glass-forming systems from graph isomorphism YUXING ZHOU, SCOTT MILNER, The Pennsylvania State University — The configurational entropy plays a central role in the thermodynamic scenarios of glass transition, such as Adam-Gibbs theory and random first-order transition theory. By definition, the configurational entropy  $S_c$  is the difference between the entropy of liquid and the vibrational entropy with structural rearrangement restricted, both of which can be obtained by means of thermodynamic integration. On the other hand,  $S_c$  is essentially a measure of the number of basins in the energy landscape, and therefore it can also be estimated by explicitly enumerating inherent structures. To this end, we first coarse-grain the vibrational motions by mapping configurations to Voronoi diagrams and then categorize them using canonical labelling. The Voronoi graph entropy is calculated as  $S_G/k_B = -\sum p_i \log(p_i)$ , where  $p_i$  is the probability of finding distinct graph *i*. We find for an *n*-particle subsystem of glass-forming hard-disk/sphere fluids,  $S_G(n)$  scales linearly with *n*, and  $S_c$  can be estimated from the slope.

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Date submitted: 29 Oct 2015

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