

Abstract Submitted  
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**Casimir Torque between Topological Insulators: a Physical Implication of the Surface State Hexagonal Warping Effect** LIANG CHEN, North China Electric Power University, KAI CHANG, Institute of Semiconductors, Chinese Academy of Sciences — We use a variation of the Lifshitz formula to calculate the anisotropic Casimir energy density between two topological insulators in the vacuum. We find that the hexagonal warping effect can induce a Casimir torque between the two topological insulators,  $T_c \propto \sin(6\theta)$  with twisted angle  $\theta$ . The maximal Casimir torque at  $\theta = \pi/12$  is estimated to be  $\sim 10^{-19} N \cdot m/rad$  for  $\text{Bi}_2\text{Te}_3$  on the [111] surface when the distance between the two topological insulators is about 20 nm and the surface areas are taken to be  $\sim 1\text{cm}^2$ .

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