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Objective performance of the GW approximation and the Bethe-Salpeter Equation for molecules FABIEN BRUNEVAL, CEA, SRMP (France) & Dept. of Physics, UC Berkeley & Lawrence Berkeley National Lab (USA), SAMIA M. HAMED, TONATIUH RANGEL-GORDILLO, JEFFREY B. NEATON, Dept. of Physics, UC Berkeley & Lawrence Berkeley National Lab (USA) — We have evaluated the quality of the quasiparticle energies obtained within the GW approximation and of the optical excitations with the solution of the Bethe-Salpeter equation (BSE) for molecules. The calculations have been performed with a recently developed code based on Gaussian [1,2] that allowed us to use the exact same techniques as the one employed in traditional quantum chemistry. We demonstrate [3] the extreme sensitivity of the GW and BSE results upon the Kohn-Sham starting point. Most of the starting point dependence in BSE is to be ascribed to the underlying GW band structure. We highlight the problem of the triplet excitations that are equally underestimated in time-dependent density-functional theory and in BSE. [1] F. Bruneval, J. Chem. Phys. **136**, 194107 (2012). [2] F. Bruneval and M.A.L. Marques, J. Chem. Theory Comput. 9, 324 (2013). [3] F. Bruneval, S. M. Hamed and J. B. Neaton, J. Chem. Phys. 142, 244101 (2015).

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